

THE BOSTON MORNING POST.

PUBLISHED DAILY, AT NO. 21 WATER

STREET, BY BEALS & GREENE.—CHARLES GORDON GREENE,

VOLUME VII. NO. 140.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 22, 1834.

PRICE \$6 PER ANN. IN ADVANCE.

MISCELLANY.

From the New York Mirror.
FIRST IMPRESSIONS, OR NOTES BY THE WAY.
BY NATHANIEL P. WILLIS.
(Concluded.)

The mad-house of Constantinople, and description of its inmates—their wretched treatment—the hippodrome and the mosque of Sultan Achmet—the Janizaries—reflections on the past, the present, and the future.

At the extremity of this line of building, by a natural proximity, stands the *Tinjar-hane*. We passed the porter at the gate without question, and entered a large quadrangle, surrounded with the grated windows of cells on the ground-floor. In every window was chained a maniac. The doors of the cells were all open, and descending by a step upon the low stone floor of the first, we found ourselves in the presence of four men chained to rings, in the four corners, by massy iron collars. The man in the window sat crouched together like a person benumbed, (the day was raw and cold as December,) the heavy chain of his collar hanging on his naked breast, and his shoulders imperfectly covered with a narrow blanket. His eyes were large and fierce, and his mouth was fixed in an expression of indignant sullenness. My companion asked him if he were ill. He said he should be well, if he were out—that he was brought there in a fit of intoxication two years ago, and was no more crazy than his keeper. Poor fellow! It might easily be true! He lifted his heavy collar from his neck as he spoke, and it was not difficult to believe that misery like his for two long years would, of itself, destroy reason. There was a better dressed man in the opposite corner, who informed us, in a gentlemanly voice, that he had been a captain in the sultan's army, and was brought there in the delirium of a fever. He was at a loss to know, he said, why he was imprisoned still.

We passed on to a poor, half naked wretch in the last stage of idiocy, who sat chattering to himself, and, though trembling with cold, interrupted his monologue continually with fits of the wildest laughter. Farther on sat a young man of a face so full of intellectual beauty, an eye so large and mild, a mouth of such mingled sadness and sweetness, and a forehead so broad, and marked so nobly, that we stood, all of us, struck with a simultaneous feeling of pity and surprise. A countenance more beaming with all that is admirable in human nature, I have never seen, even in painting. He might have sat to Da Vinci for the "beloved apostle." He had tied the heavy chain by a shred to a round of the grating, to keep its weight from his neck, and seemed calm and resigned with all his sadness. My friend spoke to him, but he answered obscurely, and, seeing that our gaze disturbed him, we passed unwillingly on. Oh, what room there is in the world for pity! If that poor prisoner be not a maniac, (as he may not be,) and, if nature has not falsified in the structure of his mind the superior impress on his features, what Prometheus-like agony has he suffered! The guiltiest felon is better cared for. And allowing his mind to be a wreck, allowing the hundred human minds, in the same cheerless prison, to be certainly in ruins, oh what have they done to be weighed down with iron on their necks, and exposed, like caged beasts, shivering and naked, to the eye of pitiless curiosity? I have visited lunatic asylums in France, Italy, Sicily, and Germany, but, culpably neglected as most of them are, I have seen nothing comparable to this in horror. "Is he never unchained?" we asked. "Never!" And yet, from the ring to the iron collar, there was just chain enough to permit him to stand upright! There were no vessels near them, not even a pitcher of water. Their dens were cleansed and the poor sufferers fed at certain appointed hours, and come wind or rain, there was neither shelter nor glass to defend them from the inclemency of the weather.

We entered most of the rooms, and found in all the same dampness, filth and misery. One poor wretch had been chained to the same spot for twenty years. The keeper said he never slept. He talked all the night long. Sometimes at mid-day his voice would cease, and his head nod for an instant, and then with a start as if he feared to be silent, he raved on with the same incoherent rapidity. He had been a dervish. His collar and chain were bound with rags, and a tattered coat was fastened up on the inside of the window, forming a small recess in which he sat, between the room and the grating. He was emaciated to the last degree. His beard was tangled and filthy, his nails curled over the ends of his fingers, and his appearance, save only an eye of the keenest lustre, that of a wild beast.

In the last room we entered, we found a good-looking young man, well dressed, healthy, composed, and having every appearance of a person in the soundest state of mind and body. He saluted us courteously, and told my friend that he was a renegade Greek. He had turned mussulman a year or two ago, had lost his reason, and so was brought here. He talked of it quite as a thing of course, and seemed to be entirely satisfied that the best had been done for him. One of the party took hold of his chain. He winced as the collar stirred on his neck, and said the lock was on the outside of the window, (which was true,) and that the boys came in and tormented him by pulling it sometimes. "There they are," he said, pointing to two or three children who had just entered the court, and were running round from one prisoner to another. We bade him good morning, and he laid his hand to his breast and bowed with a smile. As we passed toward the gate, the chattering lunatic on the opposite side screamed after us, the old dervish laid his skinny hands on the bars of his window, and talked louder and faster, and the children, approaching close to the poor creatures, laughed with delight at their excitement.

It was a relief to escape to the common sights and sounds of the city. We walked on to the *Hippodrome*. The only remaining beauty of this famous square is the unrivalled mosque of Sultan Achmet, which, though inferior in size to the renowned Santa Sophia, is superior in elegance both within and without. Its six slender and towering minarets are the handsomest in Constantinople. The wondrous obelisk in the centre of the square, remains perfect as in the time of the Christian emperors, but the brazen tripod is gone from the twisted column, and the serpent-like pillar itself is leaning over with its brazen folds to its fall.

Here stood the barracks of the powerful Janizaries, and from the side of Sultan Achmet the cannon were levelled upon them, as they rushed from the conflagration: within. And here, when Constantine was the "second Rome," were witnessed the triumphal processions of Christian conquest, the march of the crusaders, bound for Palestine, and the civil tumults which Justinian, walking among the people with the gospel in his hand, tried in vain to allay ere they burnt the great edifice built of the ruins of the temple of Solomon. And around this now neglected area, the captive Gelimer followed in chains the chariot of the conquering Belisarius, repeating the words of Solomon, "Vanity of vanities! all is vanity!" while the conqueror himself, throwing aside his crown, prostrated himself at the feet of the beautiful Theodosia, raised from Roman actress to be the Christian empress of the east. From any elevated point of the city, you may still see the ruins of the palace of the renowned warrior, and read yourself a lesson on human

vicissitudes, remembering the school-book story of "on obolus for Belisarius!"

The Hippodrome was, until late years, the constant scene of the games of the *jeered*. With the destruction of the Janizaries, and the introduction of European tactics, this graceful exercise has gone out of fashion. The east is fast losing its picturesqueness. Dress, habits, character, every thing seems to be undergoing a gradual change, and when, as the Turks themselves predict, the mosque is driven into Asia, this splendid capital will become another Paris, and with the improvements in travel, a summer in Constantinople will be as little thought of as a tour in Italy. Pilgrims in this part of the world predict such a change as about to arrive.

\$500,000 STOCK OF THE CITY OF BOSTON.—Proposals will be received by the undersigned until the 1st of January, 1835, for a loan of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars to the City of Boston for a term of twenty years, on an interest of five percent per annum, payable semi-annually.

The offers may embrace any sum of even hundreds, from One Thousand Dollars to the whole amount. The Loan to be paid into the City Treasury, as required on a notice of thirty days.

Certificates of stock will be issued in a form somewhat similar to the following:

TY OF BOSTON, —, 183—.

This certifies that, or value received there is due from the City of Boston to A. B. or order, the sum of — Dollars bearing Interest, payable semi-annually, at the rate of five percent per annum, being Stock, created in pursuance of an order of the City Council passed the — day of — 183— and redeemable in twenty years from the —.

Interest and Principal when due will be paid only at the office of the City Treasurer in Boston.

By direction of Committee of Finance.

REICHARD D. HARRIS, City Treasurer.

CONNECTIONARY.—The subscriber respectfully informs the inhabitants of Boston and vicinity, that he has taken the store lately occupied by Mr T. J. VINTON, No 273 Washington street, and will continue to supply Families and Parties with Ice Creams, Sherbet, Preserves, Fruits, Confectionary, Cordials, &c. of good quality and as cheap as can be obtained at any other establishment in the city.

AZELL BOWDITCH.

I cheerfully recommend my former customers to Mr BOWDITCH, believing him to be competent to give them entire satisfaction.

T. J. VINTON.

ang 25—copysm

NOTICE.—The co-partnership existing between the subscribers is this day by mutual consent dissolved. The affairs of the concern will be adjusted by E. K. WHITAKER.

E. K. WHITAKER,
A. R. FROTHINGHAM.

Boston, Aug. 12, 1834.

The subscriber intends to close the affairs of the late firm, entirely, before January next; and, in addition to a very valuable stock, imported principally the present year, and which will be disposed of at a large sacrifice—he has just received 10 cases French Goods, comprising Silks, Blouses, Shawls, Flannels, &c. which having arrived out of season, will be sold at cost of importation.

E. K. WHITAKER,

33 Washington st. (up stairs.)

RICH MANTLE GRATES.—A superior article can be obtained at the Manufactory, No 9 Congress square, (up stairs). Gentlemen about furnishing their Parlors or Chambers with Grates, will do well before purchasing to call and examine the Grates manufactured at this establishment.

15 Grades made to order at short notice.

Gentlemen that are building, can be furnished with Grates of every variety, warranted inferior to none manufactured in the city.

BENJAMIN BLANEY.

July 11

HAIR WORK.—WARREN THAYER, No. 22 Hanover street, has on hand and will sell at reduced prices a large assortment of Hair Work, consisting of French Puffs, Curls, and Frizzets, bands of long Hair, long ringlet Curls, frizzed Puffs and combs, netting, &c. &c. Also every description of hair manufacture.

Ladies in want of any description of Hair Work will find it to their advantage to call before purchasing.

ap 22

PIPE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—THE COMMONWEALTH INSURANCE COMPANY hereby give notice, that their Capital STOCK now invested to law is

\$300,000.

that they continue to insure on Marine risks, against the perils of the SEA—and on buildings and merchandise, against the hazard of FIRE, not exceeding \$20 000 on any one risk.

JOHN K. SIMPSON, President.

JOHN STEVENS, Secretary

ist — may 3

DR. SACKETT'S DOCK AND ELDER JUICE.—LOTUS.—Prepared from his receipt. For softening and beautifying the complexion. Its efficacy is known by having for whitening and beautifying the skin; removes freckles, and all kinds of Eruptions, Scrofula and Salt Rheum. An application to the face, when it has been exposed to the sun, there is nothing so cooling and effectual in removing the redness caused by the heat. This inestimable Lotion is for sale at the Chemist Store of WILLIAM BROWN, No 481 Washington, and of HENSAW & CO.; also, retailed by all the principal Druggists. As a security against counterfeits, please observe the signature of the proprietor, WM. BROWN. Price \$1.

July 23—copysm

CAMEL'S HAIR SCARFS.—One trunk will be opened this day, containing a great variety of real camel's hair Scarfs, colors scarlet, green and white. Some of the above are very rich.

Also, one very superb white French Cashmere, long Shawl, being the richest ever imported into this country—just received on consignment, and for sale at 99 Washington st. (up stairs) by E. K. WHITAKER.

episw&ost

June 17

NORTH ROOM TO LET.—A large Room, suitable for Portrait Painter, Engraver, or any other kind of business. It would answer very well for a Tailor, being centrally situated, near of Mills and Atkinson st. Inquire at H. BRUNSWICK'S Furniture Warehouse. Corner of Milk and Devonshire st.

EUROPEAN LEECHES.—WILLIAM BROWN respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he constantly keeps a supply of Fresh EUROPEAN LEECHES, and has made arrangements with Miss MARY HASTINGS, who will attend to the application of them.

Orders left at the corner of Washington and Eliot Sts. will meet with prompt attendance.

WILLIAM BAILEY.

July 22—episw&ost

WHITE LININGS, GRAIN LEATHER, &c.—Just received, 300 doz white Linings, most of which were tanned by Russell's improved process of assuring and preserving, prices from \$2 to \$7 50 per dozen. The above skins for durability are not equalled by any in the market. Also, 4000 ft Grain Leather, a sup. rior article; with almost every kind of stock in the Leather line, at low prices, for cash approved credit.

L. H. M. COCHRAN & CO.

No 11 Exchange street

HENRY TYLER. has removed from Ann street to Creek street—South side, between Ann street and Hanover street, where he will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of New and Second Hand CLOTHING, Cheap for Cash.

J. T. Cleaning cleaned or exchanged.

He returns thanks to his friends for past favors, and respectively solicits a continuance. Clothing made and repaired in

Sept 4

SA GILSON. would respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has relinquished business at Hawley Place, and taken the commodious stable No 15 Blossom st., (formerly occupied by Mr Oliver Davis,) where he will continue to keep horses at livery and horses, chaises and carriages for letting as usual. Particular attention will be paid to his customers, and every exertion used to give satisfaction.

STThist July 26

WANTED.—A situation wanted by a young man in a wholesale or retail West India Goods Store, who has been in the above business for several years in the country. Good reference can be given at No 19 School street.

61

JUST RECEIVED. an assortment of St James London Prints, assorted colors and patterns, for Neckerchiefs—an entire new article. Also, a few splendid English black silk Cravats—at RODGERS' Imperial Stock Manufactory, No 6 Joy's Building.

J. BOYDEN, Hauncey street.

Aug 15

LEMON SYRUP. of very superior quality manufacturer

4 ed and for sale on such terms as to make it an object for purchasers to call before buying.

A. BOYDEN,

Hauncey street.

15

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

The subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has taken a number of years the spacious but elegant story of a new building recently erected, and known by the name of CUNNINGHAM's Buildings, in Wilson's Lane, on the westerly side of the United States Bank, a few feet from State street, which is fitted up in good style as any of its class in the vicinity, and furnished throughout to correspond with the improved taste of the times, and will be opened this day for the reception of company.

It being the intention of the subscriber to furnish his friends and customers with every luxury which the market affords, two or three weeks hence, ardently spirit) and as he will superintend every branch of his business, he hopes his friends and the public will afford him that patronage which it is intended his establishment shall merit.

Gentlemen whose families remove out of town during the Summer months, will find it convenient to dine at the above establishment.

Refreshments from 5 o'clock A. M. until 10 P. M. Hot dinners from 1 to 3. Soups every day.

sept 4—eowtJan2 1835 Respectfully, &c. E. KENFIELD.

sept 4—eowtJan2 1835 Secretary of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

September 4, 1834.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the proprietors of the *Five per Cent Stock*, created in pursuance of an act of Congress, approved on the 3d of March, 1821, entitled "An act to authorize the President of the United States to borrow a sum not exceeding five millions of Dollars," that the certificates of said stock will be paid on the second day of January next, to the proprietors thereof, or their legal representatives, or attorney, duly authorized, for the presentation and surrender of the said certificates at the Treasury, or at the Loan Office where the same may stand credited.

Notice is further given, that no transfer of the certificates of said stock from the books of the Treasury, or any Loan Office will be allowed after the first day of December next. And also, that the interest on all the certificates of said stock will cease and determine on the first day of January next.

LEVI WOODBURY,

Secretary of the Treasury.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

September 4, 1834.

WHENAS. notice has been given this day, by this Department, to the proprietors of the certificates of the *Five per Cent Stock*, created in pursuance of an act of Congress approved on the 3d of March, 1821, entitled "An act to authorize the President of the United States to borrow a sum not exceeding five millions of Dollars," that the certificates of said stock will be paid on the second day of January next.

And whereas, some of the proprietors of the said stock have presented to the Secretary

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1834.

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Hon. MARCUS MORTON, of Taunton.
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
William W. THOMPSON,
of Northampton.

FOR STATE SENATORS.

MIDDLESEX COUNTY,

JOHN WADE, of Woburn,
THOMAS J. GREENWOOD, of Marlborough,
BURRAGE YALE, of South Reading,
THOMAS A. STAPLES, of Groton, and
WILLIAM WHITTEMORE, of West Cambridge.

WORCESTER COUNTY.

HENRY PRENTISS, of Hubbardston,
JOSEPH THAYER, of Uxbridge,
JOHN SPURR, of Charlton,
NATHANIEL RAND, of Lancaster,
ALEXANDER DE WITT, of Oxford, and
TIMOTHY DOTY, of Westminster.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY.

DAVID CARSON, of Dalton, and
SAMUEL PICKETT, of Otis.

FOR CONGRESS—DISTRICT

No. 4—JAMES RUSSELL, of East Cambridge.
“ 5—MATURIN L. FISHER, of Worcester.
“ 7—THEODORE SEDGWICK, of Stockbridge.
“ 9—DANIEL THURBER, of Mendon.MORE GOOD NEWS!
DEMOCRACY STILL TRIUMPHANT!

Pennsylvania.—The returns from the “Key Stone State” continue favorable—for the following we are indebted to the N. Y. Evening Post:

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION.

Districts. Dem. maj. Bank.

1st Philadelphia—Sutherland,	1400
2d do Ingersoll	1800
3d do Ash,	1100
4th Lancaster, Chester and	1500
Delaware—Hester, Potts,	
and Darlington, about	
5th Montgomery—Fry,	700
6th Bucks—Morris, about	300
7th Northampton, Wayne and	
Pike—Wagner,	2800
8th Schuylkill and Lehigh—	
Hobley,	1100
9th Berks—Muhlenberg,	4000
10th Dauphin and Lebanon—	
Clark,	
11th York—Logan	600
12th Adams and Franklin—	
Chambers, estimated,	
13th Cumberland, Perry and Ju-	400
nians—Miller,	
14th Huntingdon, Centre and	800
Mifflin—Henderson, esti-	
mated,	
15th Luce and Columbia—	800
Beaumont,	
16th Lycoming, Northumberland	800
and Union—Anthony,	
17th Bradford, Tioga, Susqueha-	2400
na, Potter and McKean, not	
heard from, but no doubt of	
the election of Laporte, de-	
mocratic candidate.	
18th Bedford, Somerset and Cam-	
brria—Somerset gives a ma-	
jority of 700 for Ogle, Bank,	
but Bedford and Cambria	
will give large ones for	
Mann, Jackson. Mann is	
certainly elected, an oppo-	
sition slip admits it.	
19th Westmoreland and Indiana,	1400
Killingworth,	
20th Fayette and Green—said to	
have given 1000 majority for	
our man, Buchanan.	
21st Washington—Not heard	
from. We fear that McLean	
has beaten Ringland, our	
candidate. If so, it is to be	
regretted, as Ringland is a	
consistent democrat and	
amiable man. I do not give	
him up yet.	
22d Allegheny—Denny,	400
Armsong, Clearfield, Jeff-	
erson and Butler, not	
heard from. Samuel S. Har-	
rison, our candidate, will be	
elected by a large majority.	
23d Beaver and Mercer. By a	
slip sent on this morning our	
candidate, Power, has a ma-	
jority of 58 in Beaver. His	
election depends on Mercer.	
It is very doubtful.	
24th Venango, Warren, Craw-	
ford and Erie, not heard	
from. Crawford has given	
our candidate, Galbraith,	
near 800 certain. He will	
be elected, and his majority	
in the whole district will be	
large.	

17,300 \$200

Add Mann's majority in the 18th
District, said to be 900
Estimated Democratic majorities in
the 17th, 20th, 23rd and 25th Dis-
tricts, 4500

22,700

New Jersey.—The entire Democratic Congress
ticket has succeeded by a majority of 1141 votes, and the
Democratic majority in the State Legislature will
be ten in joint ballot, or eight in the assembly, and
two in the council.Georgia.—In 40 counties, the Union ticket has
15,793—the State Rights' 16,258. Forty-nine coun-
ties to be heard from. The Charleston Courier of the
13th inst. states that returns from 24 counties (all that
had been received) shew a gain in the State Legisla-
ture, of 6 members to the Union party. The Augusta
Constitutionalist of the 10th, says—"As the Congress-
ional returns received so far are from some of the prin-
cipal State Rights' counties, it is placed beyond any
doubt that the Union ticket for Congress is elected by
a large majority."The Democratic majority in the State Legislature will
be at least 40 in the lower, and 8 in the upper house.The Young Lion of the West is coming gallantly to
the rescue. The N. Y. Post says—"From Ohio, bor-
dering on Pennsylvania, news of the most gratifying
kind has been received. The following letter comprises
the particulars. The portion of Ohio from which we

may expect tidings to-morrow and next day, is presumed to have gone against us, as the opposition here have hitherto had a large majority there. But when this first puff of ill news is past, we may look for a steady and triumphant breeze bearing the sound of democratic victory along with it. The subjoined letter is furnished to us by a highly respectable friend:"

Philadelphia, Sunday afternoon.—I have just seen a friend of mine from Stubenville, Ohio, upon whose information I can rely. He says that Kilgore, our Candidate, has a majority of 150 in Jefferson County and Harrison County, as far as the returns shew, his majority will be 500 in the District; (Leavitt's District) and as far as the returns shew, that Kennon, our Candidate, has beaten Bell, the present Bank member, by a handsome majority. General Thompson is re-elected in Columbian County. There is no doubt but Lucas is re-elected Governor. I am fearful we have lost our Candidates against McKennan and Banks, who are said to be re-elected by small majorities. Our Legislature will be very decided.

Pennsylvania.—The great gain of the democratic party in this State is a most encouraging "sign of the times" to the friends of the National Administration.—We have already gained four members of Congress; of the opposition members who have lost their election is Mr Stewart, the ablest man among them, and whose absence his party will seriously lament—but he, like many of his associates, had misrepresented his constituents to please the Money King, and the people withdrew the trust they once reposed in him, and discharged him from their service. The democracy of the key stone State are always true to their principles—bribery and intimidation have no influence over their honest and fearless hearts—they go for their country and the supremacy of her laws, not for a Speculating Corporation, which sets itself above the first, and in defiance to the latter. When we see this old portion of the Union right, we know that all is safe. The influence of Pennsylvania, arising from her extent of territory, and large and intelligent population, is very great upon the democracy of other States, and hence the strenuous exertions of the aristocracy to break down her power—their attempts to misrepresent her sentiments and degrade her character—but their efforts are made in vain—true to their attachments, nothing can swerve her hardy sons from the support of the democratic principles upon which the government is founded, and those who administer it agreeably to those principles. The tenacity with which the opposition cling to the hope of "re-action" in the sentiments of the citizens of Pennsylvania, and the confidence with which they affirm such "re-actions" to have taken place, in order to aid their cause in distant States, is the best encomium that can be passed upon the purity of their character and the correctness of their judgment; and consequently, we shall gain much from the moral influence of their unequivocal approbation of the policy pursued by Gen. Jackson—they have come out manfully—enthusiastically, in his support, and if the friends of the National Government in other States but do their duty as faithfully, democracy will be as triumphantly successful in the election of the next, as it was in the present Head of the Union.

Reciprocal Salutes of one hundred guns each were fired at the Battery (N. Y.) and at Jersey city on Friday evening, in commemoration of the democratic triumph of the "Jersey Blues." At dusk a bonfire was lighted on the extreme point of Castle Garden pier.—"A corresponding bonfire," says the Evening Post, "rose in a bright pyramid at the scene of the celebration, and threw its glare far over the sparkling waters of the Hudson. Rocket answered rocket, and shout succeeded shout, and the whole immense multitude joined in the loud hurrahs, and filled the air with the sounds of their wild and hearty exultation." These rude sounds were followed at intervals by the music of a full band, the martial airs performed by which accorded well with the general feeling. On the salute being completed, the whole concourse, composed of thousands, fell into procession, and with the music at their head, proceeded in triumphal march and with the utmost order through Broadway and Chatham street, to Tammany Hall. The doors of the great Council Chamber were thrown open, the multitude poured through them like a flood, and in less than three minutes the ample Chamber was filled to its utmost capacity. The throng of citizens, thus spontaneously assembled, immediately proceeded, with the utmost decorum, to organize themselves into a meeting, by the appointment of proper officers, and several of their number delivered animated and happy addresses, on subjects pertinent to the occasion which had thus, as with one mind, brought so numerous a body together to the scene of many a democratic triumph."

Orders have been received from the Treasury Department, based on a late decision, directing that all leaden busts should be given up to the importers, and no further questions asked.—N. Y. Jour. Com.

We understand that instructions have been received by the Collector of Boston, from the Treasury Department, to refund the duties in Mr Leavitt's particular case in which the suit was decided, and to exclude all others from its benefit.

Liverpool, Sept. 10.—Yesterday's Cotton market was a bad one to buy in. Holders wanted more, and particularly its being reported on change, that they had a good day at Manchester. It was generally expected we should have much doing to-day. The holders are much disappointed however, in to-day's attendance of buyers, as they find no great encouragement in the Manchester accounts, which speak certainly of a fair business, but do not hold out any expectations of its continuation, account of the export season to the continent, drawing to a close. We do not think much will be bought to-day by consumers. Several hundred bales have been sold to-day at prices which were refuted yesterday.

Sep. 11.—The sales of Cotton on Saturday were 3000 bags—Monday 5000 bags—Tuesday 2000 bags—Wednesday 4000 bags, and to-day there are 2500 bags—prices are maintained steadily by the help of speculative purchases to the extent of 3000 bags. Arrived, one vessel from N. Orleans.

London Market, Sept. 9.—Sugar—is not so much doing in West India sugars this morning, but it is not improbable that the market will increase before the close of the day. The late prices are fully supported. There are no sales E. India sugar at any extent to report. Foreign—since the public sale of Havana, we gave Friday last, there has been no business of any extent. The prices are unvaried.

From Canton.—The ship Washington, from Canton, brings papers to the 12th April.—Star.

Calcutta papers received at Canton, say, that the establishment of a Chamber of Commerce was spoken of.

The Prince Royal of Persia, Abbas Mezza, died at Meshed, while engaged in carrying on a war against Herat.

The subject of steam communication of India with Europe, was a subject of general consideration.

In the northwest of India a war is going on for the possession of Canbul and Chandahar.

Military.—A review of eight companies of Light Infantry, and ten companies of Artillery, from the 1st Brigade, 3d Division of the Militia, will take place this day, near Murdock's Hotel, in Cambridge. The line will be formed at eleven in the forenoon.

We learn from the Montreal papers that the British Government has given a decision in favor of allowing American beef and pork, salted, to be exported from the Canadian ports to other British ports, duty free.

The Tabernacle Church and Society in Salem, have given a unanimous invitation to Professor Samuel M. Worcester, of Amherst College, to become their Pastor.

Judge Duval, one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the U. States, has determined to resign his office, and will not take his seat upon the bench again.

POLICE COURT.

Sprigs of Fancy.—William Clark and John Robinson, a couple of black boy bullies, were arrested by the watch, while engaged in an amicable set-to with heads, heels, fists, nails and teeth. They were somewhat surprised at the untimely interference of the authorities, as both parties were agreed to stand or fall upon the issue of the contest. They were both placed in the same lock-room, where they renewed the undecided battle; but were again disappointed in bringing it to an honorable and satisfactory termination. Robinson said he "shouldn't fit, but he didn't want folks to go to think he was afraid;" from which it appears that black braves and white one fight for the same reason—"the fear of being thought afraid," as Sir Robert Peel expresses it. Each fined \$3 and costs.

Wm. Lewis was nominated and appointed 2d assistant Foreman of Engine No 16.

The Board concurred in the order of the Common

Council, instructing the committee of Finance to inquire into the expediency of making provision for the more regular collection of debts due to, and claims held by the city, and prescribing more definitely the duties of any of the city officers in relation thereto, with liberty to report by ordinance or otherwise.

The Board concurred with the Common Council in

the report of the committee appointed to cause to be erected a building for the inmates of the House of Reform,

which said building ought to be of stone, viz.—

wrought Ashlar backed with rubble.

On Friday, the 12th inst. the Paper Mill, in Harvard,

owned by Gen. John P. Whitcomb, was entirely de-

stroyed by fire. The fire was communicated by spontaneous combustion amongst the cotton waste, which was stored in the Mill. There was no insurance; the loss is estimated at \$25,000.

The Advocate says that the funeral procession of Mrs

St Henry, on Monday, consisted of 720 girls, 592 boys,

764 men, 164 women, 29 coaches, 2 carriages, and 4

chaises, and extending from the Catholic Church, through

Federal, High, and South streets, to the new South

Boston Bridge.

Reciprocity.—The following is a literal copy of a

billet sent by the clerk of a parish in Warwickshire, to

a neighboring friend of the same calling:—

"Dere John,

"Will you bury my wife and ill bury your own

day when you want me i shall be very happy only time

i han yours to be oblige William Turner."

At the battle of Vimiera, the 71st were opposed to

the French 70th; after the action, a soldier of the first

mentioned corps, looking at the buttons of some men

of the other that lay dead near him, uttered the bon mot,

"I well knew that we were one too many for them."

In 1663, Constantinople contained 1669 streets, 120

markets, 1652 great and small schools, 4122 mosques

and churches. The great city was 20 miles in circumference, and had, on its walls, 360 towers.

The whole amount of Gold and Silver in the United

States, is estimated to be about fifty millions of dollars.

The value of cotton received in and shipped from

Augusta, (Geo.) for the year ending the 1st instant,

it will, it is estimated, exceed \$6,000,000.

The State of Pennsylvania is in debt about 23,000,-

**WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT,
CORRECTED FOR THE BOSTON MORNING POST,
FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY, OCT. 21, 1834.**

ASHES, per 2240 lbs Post,	\$35.00 a .27.00
Pearls, .11.00 a .12.00	
BEANS, per bushel, White, .20 a .25	
BARILLA, per 2240 lbs. Sicily, .55.00 a .60.00	
Tenerife, .45.00 a .50.00	
American ground, .45.00 a .00.00	
BEESWAX, per lb Yellow, .18 a .23	
White, .28 a .30	
CANDLES, per lb Boston mould, .11 a .11.12	
Spoon, dipped, .05 a .10	
CLOVER SEED, per lb Northern, .05 a .00	
Southern none, .05 a .00	
COAL, cargo prices nom'l Anthracite, .50 a .57.50	
N. Castle, .13.00 a .00.00	
Sidney, .7.00 a .00.00	
Ore, .10.00 a .00.00	
Retaining prices according to quality, Athracite, per 2000 lbs, .6.00 a .00.00	
Newcastle per chaldron, .10.50 a .11.00	
Navv Scotia, .7.50 a .8.50	
Ore, .10.50 a .11.00	
COCO, per lb. Island, .045 a .045	
Patagonia, .015 a .045	
Cayenne, .11 a .12	
COFFEE, per lb Java, .13 a .13	
Porto Rico, .10 a .10	
St. Domingo, .10 a .10	
Havana, .10 a .11	
Brazil, .11 a .11.12	
CORDAGE, per lb. And iron, .09 a .09	
Paten, .09 a .09	
Russia, short price, .04 a .06	
CORKS, per gross, Prime, .45 a .00	
Common, .18 a .25	
CORN MEAL, per bbl, 3.62 a .00.00	
COTTON, per lb. God Up'd, .13 a .15	
New Orleans, .14 a .17	
Alabama, .14 a .15	
Tennessee, .13 a .15	
S. Island, .13 a .15	
Marranum, .6 a .7	
Suriann, .15 a .17	
COPPER, per lb. Sheathing, .22 a .23	
Pig, Spanish, .16 a .09	
Boats, Am, .24 a .09	
OM, .15 a .10	
DUCK, per hen, XU, 16.00 a .16.25	
DREUSINS, 17.25 a .17.50	
Zotoff, 15.50 a .16.00	
Komoplaff, 15.00 a .00.00	
Bilbins, 15.00 a .15.50	
Hall stuck, 13.25 a .14.00	
Ravens, 7.00 a .7.25	
AM, .6.00 a .14.00	
DIAPERS, per piece, Russia, bird, 1.75 a .1.85	
DYE STUFFS, Alum, .034 a .033	
Cochineal, 1.62 a .1.75	
Copperas, .023 a .00	
Indigo, Ben, common to prime, 1.25 a .1.60	
Mannilla, .99 a .1.15	
Carcass, .39 a .1.00	
Guatemala, 1.00 a .00.00	
Madder, B, 1.11 a .13	
Ochre, French Yellow, .024 a .00.02	
Yellow Berries, Persim, .24 a .28	
Camwood, per ton, stick, 73.00 a .75.00	
Fusile, Cuba, .29 a .30.00	
Brasilietto, .30 a .32.00	
Lugwood, St Domingo, .17.00 a .18.00	
Rio de la Hache, 70.00 a .80.00	
Nicaragua, 40.00 a .50.00	
Campach, 23.00 a .25.00	
DR GS, Roll Brimstone, per lb, .042 a .00.00	
Meda, refined, per lb, .044 a .00	
Crude, ton, .044 a .00	
Four sulphur per lb, nominal, Bark, Peruvian, per lb, .17 a .20	
Borax, refined, per lb, .20 a .21	
Cantharides, per lb, 1.25 a .1.37	
PROVISIONS, Oil, Annis, per lb, .17 a .20	
Best, per barrel, new, 1.87 a .20	
No. 1, none, .17 a .20	
Prime, do, .17 a .20	
Linsseed, .97 a .100	
Whale, crude, .29 a .30	
Refined, .35 a .40	
Cod, bbl, .10 a .14	
PLASTER PARIS, Per ton, cash, 1.75 a .2.00	
BEST, per barrel, new, 1.87 a .20	
No. 1, none, .17 a .20	
Prime, do, .17 a .20	
Hams per lb, .051 a .10	
Boston, .051 a .10	
Southern, .03 a .09	
Lard, Boston, .08 a .09	
Beef, Boston, 13.50 a .00.11	
No. 1, 13.50 a .14.00	
Prime, 11.50 a .11.50	
Cargo, 2.25 a .2.50	
Clear, 2.25 a .2.75	
RICE, 3.00 a .3.00	
Varnish, bright, per gall, 1.20 a .20	
OL, Palm, per lb, .051 a .06	
Olive, per gall, .052 a .05	
Spices, per ton, .051 a .06	
Shells, .051 a .06	
MAHOGANY, per foot, 1.25 a .1.37	
Jamaica, .05 a .1.10	
N. England, .28 a .32	
Whiskey, .32 a .34	
Wine, Catalonia, .27 a .32	
S. Madeira, .65 a .70	
Shingles, 1.25 a .3.50	
Clap boards, 10.00 a .21.00	
Ton timber, per 40 solid feet, 1.25 a .2.00	
Boats, Am, .24 a .09	
LIQUORS, per gall, Pig, S. E., and E., per 2240 lbs, No. 1, and 2, 40.00 a .50.00	
PIGMENT, per lb, .042 a .05	
LEATHER, per lb, .042 a .05	
Slaughter, sole, .05 a .10	
Philadelphia, .27 a .32	
Baltimore, .26 a .32	
Do, sheet, per lb, .05 a .10	
Boats, Am, .24 a .09	
LIME, cask, .93 a .1.28	
LUMBER, per M. Board and Planks, cash, 1.25 a .1.37	
No. 1, 23.00 a .25.00	
No. 2, 15.00 a .15.00	
No. 3, 10.00 a .11.00	
Sacks for shipping, .05 a .05	
TRINIDAD, per lb, .05 a .05	
Gum, common to perfume, .05 a .05	
Rum, St. Croix, .05 a .05	
W. Island, S. P. 32 a .35	
Malaga, .16 a .17	
CANNERY, .05 a .05	
MAHOGANY, per foot, 1.25 a .1.37	
Jamaica, .05 a .1.10	
N. England, .28 a .32	
Whiskey, .32 a .34	
Wine, Catalonia, .27 a .32	
S. Madeira, .65 a .70	
Shingles, 1.25 a .3.50	
Clap boards, 10.00 a .21.00	
Ton timber, per 40 solid feet, 1.25 a .2.00	
Boats, Am, .24 a .09	
LIME, cask, .93 a .1.28	
LUMBER, per M. Board and Planks, cash, 1.25 a .1.37	
No. 1, 23.00 a .25.00	
No. 2, 15.00 a .15.00	
No. 3, 10.00 a .11.00	
Sacks for shipping, .05 a .05	
TRINIDAD, per lb, .05 a .05	
Gum, common to perfume, .05 a .05	
Rum, St. Croix, .05 a .05	
W. Island, S. P. 32 a .35	
Malaga, .16 a .17	
CANNERY, .05 a .05	
MAHOGANY, per foot, 1.25 a .1.37	
Jamaica, .05 a .1.10	
N. England, .28 a .32	
Whiskey, .32 a .34	
Wine, Catalonia, .27 a .32	
S. Madeira, .65 a .70	
Shingles, 1.25 a .3.50	
Clap boards, 10.00 a .21.00	
Ton timber, per 40 solid feet, 1.25 a .2.00	
Boats, Am, .24 a .09	
LIME, cask, .93 a .1.28	
LUMBER, per M. Board and Planks, cash, 1.25 a .1.37	
No. 1, 23.00 a .25.00	
No. 2, 15.00 a .15.00	
No. 3, 10.00 a .11.00	
Sacks for shipping, .05 a .05	
TRINIDAD, per lb, .05 a .05	
Gum, common to perfume, .05 a .05	
Rum, St. Croix, .05 a .05	
W. Island, S. P. 32 a .35	
Malaga, .16 a .17	
CANNERY, .05 a .05	
MAHOGANY, per foot, 1.25 a .1.37	
Jamaica, .05 a .1.10	
N. England, .28 a .32	
Whiskey, .32 a .34	
Wine, Catalonia, .27 a .32	
S. Madeira, .65 a .70	
Shingles, 1.25 a .3.50	
Clap boards, 10.00 a .21.00	
Ton timber, per 40 solid feet, 1.25 a .2.00	
Boats, Am, .24 a .09	
LIME, cask, .93 a .1.28	
LUMBER, per M. Board and Planks, cash, 1.25 a .1.37	
No. 1, 23.00 a .25.00	
No. 2, 15.00 a .15.00	
No. 3, 10.00 a .11.00	
Sacks for shipping, .05 a .05	
TRINIDAD, per lb, .05 a .05	
Gum, common to perfume, .05 a .05	
Rum, St. Croix, .05 a .05	
W. Island, S. P. 32 a .35	
Malaga, .16 a .17	
CANNERY, .05 a .05	
MAHOGANY, per foot, 1.25 a .1.37	
Jamaica, .05 a .1.10	
N. England, .28 a .32	
Whiskey, .32 a .34	
Wine, Catalonia, .27 a .32	
S. Madeira, .65 a .70	
Shingles, 1.25 a .3.50	
Clap boards, 10.00 a .21.00	
Ton timber, per 40 solid feet, 1.25 a .2.00	
Boats, Am, .24 a .09	
LIME, cask, .93 a .1.28	
LUMBER, per M. Board and Planks, cash, 1.25 a .1.37	
No. 1, 23.00 a .25.00	
No. 2, 15.00 a .15.00	
No. 3, 10.00 a .11.00	
Sacks for shipping, .05 a .05	
TRINIDAD, per lb, .05 a .05	
Gum, common to perfume, .05 a .05	
Rum, St. Croix, .05 a .05	
W. Island, S. P. 32 a .35	
Malaga, .16 a .17	
CANNERY, .05 a .05	
MAHOGANY, per foot, 1.25 a .1.37	
Jamaica, .05 a .1.10	
N. England, .28 a .32	
Whiskey, .32 a .34	
Wine, Catalonia, .27 a .32	
S. Madeira, .65 a .70	
Shingles, 1.25 a .3.50	
Clap boards, 10.00 a .21.00	
Ton timber, per 40 solid feet, 1.25 a .2.00	
Boats, Am, .24 a .09	
LIME, cask, .93 a .1.28	
LUMBER, per M. Board and Planks, cash, 1.25 a .1.37	
No. 1, 23.00 a .25.00	
No. 2, 15.00 a .15.00	
No. 3, 10.00 a .11.00	
Sacks for shipping, .05 a .05	
TRINIDAD, per lb, .05 a .05	
Gum, common to perfume, .05 a .05	
Rum, St. Croix, .05 a .05	
W. Island, S. P. 32 a .35	
Malaga, .16 a .17	
CANNERY, .05 a .05	
MAHOGANY, per foot, 1.25 a .1.37	
Jamaica, .05 a .1.10	
N. England, .28 a .32	
Whiskey, .32 a .34	
Wine, Catalonia, .27 a .32	
S. Madeira, .65 a .70	
Shingles, 1.25 a .3.50	
Clap boards, 10.00 a .21.00	
Ton timber, per 40 solid feet, 1.25 a .2.00	
Boats, Am, .24 a .09	
LIME, cask, .93 a .1.28	
LUMBER, per M. Board and Planks, cash, 1.25 a .1.37	
No. 1, 23.00 a .25.00	
No. 2, 15.00 a .15.00	
No. 3, 10.00 a .11.00	
Sacks for shipping, .05 a .05	
TRINIDAD, per lb, .05 a .05	
Gum, common to perfume, .05 a .05	
Rum, St. Croix, .05 a .05	
W. Island, S. P. 32 a .35	
Malaga, .16 a .17	
CANNERY, .05 a .05	
MAHOGANY, per foot, 1.25 a .1.37	
Jamaica, .05 a .1.10	
N. England, .28 a .32	</td

A. WATKINS, THOMSONIAN BOTANIC PHYSICIAN—Infirmary, Harvard street, (opposite 499 Washington street), Boston, has been acquainted with and possessed of all rights of Dr. Samuel Thompson's Patent Vegetable Medicine for the last 21 years, and administered them in Europe, and South and North America, (including the West India Islands) and with as much success as any other can, with (truth) boast of. In the nine months' practice he had at the Harvard street Infirmary, he *had not had the misfortune to lose one patient*, although many of them had been for years in the hands of the members of the Medical Faculty, and some of them abandoned to their (supposed) hopelessness. As he is so well known in Boston, it is unnecessary to enter very largely into a detail of success. The following are a few of his patients.

Stephen Gore, (inquire at Thomas Holland's Beach street, Boston) totally blind for about 5 months, one eye, nearly destroyed, general debility, legs swollen and lame—appeared completely charged with poisons. General health restored; eye sight good—could see to read (without glasses) in 5 courses, &c., better than he could for seven years previous.

Mr. Parker, now assistant at the Infirmary, rheumatism and dyspepsia, cured in 3 courses.

Francis Kemlo, 153 Court street, Boston, severe indigestion and spasms, cured in 3 weeks.

John Smith, of Roxbury, and keep a stall in the new Market, Boston, a vesicle in the face and one eye; leg very much swollen and ulcerated from the knee to the ankle for the last 23 years—attended by many physicians; nearly cured in 5 weeks.

Miss Charlotte Pierson, do, white swelling, with loss of appetite, &c., under medical treatment 5 months, and unable to walk—cured in 3 weeks.

Jesse Brown, of Roxbury, rheumatic and retrocedent gout; stomach, knees, ankles and toes greatly affected; has been cured to bed nine weeks—cured in 4 courses, &c.

Miss A. Brown, daughter, scrofula or king's evil, cured with 4 courses, &c.

J. D. Smith, of Lexington, dyspepsia, of several years con-

tinuous—cured in 3 courses, &c.

Samuel Hawes, of Weymouth, rheumatism in the back, stric-

tures in the urinary passage, general emaciation, &c.—cured in 6 courses, &c.

Smith, calico printer, of Lynn, pain in the stomach and back, and structures across the breast, &c.—cured in 2 courses.

John Smith, of Roxbury, pain, fits and severe cholic, from indigestion—cured in 2 days.

Bonj Morgan, of Salem, cancerous or scorbutic humors, and ulcerated, debility and loss of flesh; piles severe, and un-

able to dress or undress himself for a considerable time—cured with 5 courses, &c., &c.

Joseph Kerrier, of Salem, rheumatism in his shoulders and arms—cured in 2 courses, &c.

Sarah Town, of Andover, indigestion, severe pains through-

out the system, and piles—cured with 3 courses, &c.

Mrs. Lucinda Kerr, See street, Boston, salt rheum, top of the head one entire scalp—cured in 4 courses, &c.

As. A. Smith, canary bird, has numerate more cases, almost

too ephemeral in the hands of a physician acquainted with his duty—the ignoramus or continued fever, is unknown in the practice of such.

Delicacy will not permit the naming of several diseases, which he has treated with universal success. In almost all the cases of diseases which have been treated by him, he has been under the necessity to expel not only the disease, but the poisons which produced and continued them—and all with INNOCENT and HARMLESS SIMPLES.

This practice induces him to believe he is not too bold in his claims, when treatment removes both disease and the poisons of the Medical Faculty from the human system, when resorted to in seasonable time.

For Medicinal Rights to use the same, Robinson's

lectures, &c., at the usual prices, apply as above.

ANDREW WATKINS,

Agent for Dr. SAM'L THOMSON

P. S.—Advice, in all cases, gratis.

June 23

THE ROXBURY INDIA RUBBER COMPANY.—The Roxbury India Rubber Company inform the public that they have opened a Warehouse, No 100 Stanhope street, Boston. Since the commencement of their operations at the manufactory, they have tested the usefulness and importance of this great invention, and have covered on different fabrics of cloth and leather upwards of 100,000 yards. They have introduced the article into many parts of the United States with the greatest success, and it has been applied to the following uses, viz:

Garments, ladies' and gentle-
men's
Hats, Gloves and Stockings
Garters and Garters
Section, Leading, and all other kinds of Hose

Wagon, Stage and Rail Road Tents

All kinds of Machinery Bands
or Beltings

Hydrostatic and Air Beds

Coverings for Billiard Tables

Durant's Life Preservers

Bandages for Physicians

Mail and Travelling Bags

Foreign Letter Bags

Knapsacks and Tents

Casual and other Boat Cover-

Inside and out door Coverings

Suspenders and Pantaloons

Stocks

Physician's Air Receiver

Shoes and Boots of all descrip-

tions, impervious to water

or damp

Some of the above articles have reached a great degree of

perfection, and give general satisfaction. Others are rapidly

approaching it. Among them are the clothing, to which, it is

to be observed, Mr. Foster adds twice if not three times the strength

and durability of the fabric. Soft Boots, Covering for Tops, Sides and Curriages, &c. R. B. C. Boxes, Trunks, and large Wagons, Aprons, Hose, Belting for Factories, Linen Pro-

servers, and Life Beds or Mattresses. The above with many

others, have been fully tested and highly approved. They are

now offered to the public, at the Company's Store, in such

quantities as they have been able to manufacture. The Com-

pany, however, are extending their establishment, and hope to

meet the wants of the public.

* * * Please address JOSEPH MARINER, Roxbury India Rub-

ber Factory, Boston.

epm

o 4

IRON SAFES.—S. A. & W. G. PIERCE, Agents for

Gaylor's Patent Double Fire Proof Wrought Iron

Chests and Safes, 370 Washington-street, have now on hand a

large assortment, comprising all the sizes and kinds which are

calculated for the use of Banks, Insurance Offices, Town Rec-

ords, Merchants, and others.

The above Chests are double throughout in all their parts,

with double doors, each secured with Chubb's Patent Detector

locks, which cannot be picked; and the Chests are as com-

pactly Fire Proof as any vault or chest can be made.

Proof of their safety—These are so safe, that the trouble to

call at the Agent's Store and examine a Double Chest which

has passed through a very severe fire, and preserved a valuable

lot of books and papers, belonging to John S. Abbott, Esq.,

whose name is attached to the following certificate:

"This is to certify, that one of the above described Double

Safes, which I purchased of the Messrs. S. A. & W. G. Pierce

was in my office in this town when the office was burned on

the 2d day of November last—the building was of two stories,

wooden, and G. The Safe, weighing 700 lbs, fell from the

second story into the cellar, and was exposed to an intense

heat, for nearly three hours. It was for long time literally

red hot, but, after being removed, and placed in a cool water

bath, was in no way injured, and no paper was in the least

degree burnt or rendered illegible."

JOHN S. ABBOTT.

The above Chest, and some of the papers which were in it

at the time of the fire, are now at the Agents' store, corner of

Essex and Washington streets, and any individual or corpora-

tion who are purchasing Iron Safes for the protection of

their books and papers, will find it for their advantage to call

and examine the same, and they will be perfectly satisfied to be—

PIRE—Gaylor's Patent Safe is still further satisfied that none other

but the Double Safe would stand a severe fire.

Gaylor's Double Safes are a Patent article, and can only be

legally purchased in this city of S. A. & W. G. PIERCE

epm

tf—jan 31

N. P. SNELLING, WOOLLEN DRAPER and TA-

LOR.

No. 10 Congress street, respectfully informs his

patron and the public generally, that he is prepared to make

to order and at the shortest notice, every article appertaining

to a gentleman's wardrobe, in style and quality which he warante-

es to suit.

His selection of cloths is extensive and of every variety of

colors, some beautiful Broads, Adelaides, Mulberry, Invisible

Green, &c. Vestings of all kinds, and splendid Silks, Satins,

and Figured Silk Velvets, Valentines, Marlings, Taffetas, &c.

N. P. S. having in his employ workmen of the first order,

feels confident in asserting that the mechanical part of his busi-

ness cannot be surpassed by any one in the city. Also, on

hand, a complete assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING

tf

T. H. CLARK, Optician.—Optician, No. 69 Court street,

fully inform the public that he has on hand a good assortment

of gold, silver, shell and steel mounted Spectacles; gld, silver

and pearl Reading Eye Glasses, the latest English patterns;

Glasses of all levels, Thermometers, Cloth and Linen Pro-

visions.

Also, concave and convex.

N. B. Spectacles manufactured at the above establishment

of the latest patterns, workmanship equal to any in this coun-

try. Spectacles and Thermometers, repaired at short notice,

and can only be done elsewhere.

REMOVALS.—SAUER & GOODNOW have removed

from 251 Washington street, to 13 Court street, where

they intend keeping a general assortment of Boots and Shoes

of the best quality—which they will sell as cheap as can be had

at any other store in the city.

N. B.—Just received a fresh assortment of Ladies French

Shoes.

Also—Gentlemen's calf, horse, seal and goat Boots. apr 20

tf

MUSICAL CLOCK, &c.—For sale, at H. BRUN-

DS, WICK'S Furniture Warehouse, an eight day musical

clock, in a mahogany case, plays twelve tunes; it is warranted

for 10 years.

Also, a valuable thirty day clock, inlaid

with brass and tortoise shell, formerly the property of a French

noblemen—it is suitable for an office, hotel, or a public hall.

Also, several other good clocks and

timepieces. An iron bedstead, an excellent article to keep off

nightly intruders, with handsome head and foot boards. \$10

tf

oct 15

150 SET JASPER, CORNELIAN AND

AGATE EARRINGS—just received at WARREN

RINGS, PINS, &c. at reduced prices.

may 15

tf

FRESH STATIONERY, BOOKS, &c.—Just re-

ceived by JOHN MARSH, 54 Washington street, 10 cases

Foreign Stationery and Fancy Articles, comprising a general

assortment, with many new and very desirable articles.